

* BEGIN - MAY 2, 1959

30.24-6953

A34WX

(560) AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD HERTER

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, MAY 2 (AP)—SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN HERTER FLEW IN FROM PARIS TODAY AND TOLD PRESIDENT EISENHOWER THE WESTERN POWERS ARE READY TO OPEN NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA FOR AN END TO THE BERLIN CRISIS AND A START ON GERMAN UNIFICATION.

HE DESCRIBED AS VERY SUCCESSFUL HIS TALKS WITH BRITISH, FRENCH AND WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTERS THIS WEEK. AND IN AN AIRPORT ARRIVAL STATEMENT HE CHALLENGED RUSSIA TO SHOW AN HONEST DESIRE TO NEGOTIATE IN THE BIG FOUR MEETING COMING UP AT GENEVA ON MAY 11.

THE WESTERN MINISTERS REACHED FINAL AGREEMENT ON A SET OF PROPOSALS TO PRESENT TO RUSSIA FOR ENDING THE BERLIN CRISIS AND MAKING A START ON GERMAN UNIFICATION AND CONTROL OF ARMED FORCES.

OFFICIALS SAID PROPOSALS IN THIS PACKAGE MAY BE BARGAINED OVER SEPARATELY IF RUSSIA SHOWS A SINCERE INTEREST IN NEGOTIATION, WHICH STATE DEPARTMENT AUTHORITIES CONSIDER UNLIKELY.

THIS WAS HERTER'S FIRST EXERCISE IN HIGH-LEVEL PERSONAL DIPLOMACY AS SECRETARY OF STATE. DISPATCHES FROM PARIS REPORTED ALLIED DIPLOMATS WERE FAVORABLE IMPRESSED WITH HIS WORK. THE ASSIGNMENT WAS CARRIED OUT SOMEWHAT IN THE MANNER OF HERTER'S CANCER-STRICKEN PREDECESSOR, JOHN FOSTER DULLES.

THE NEW SECRETARY, WHOSE WALKING IS IMPAIRED BY ARTHRITIS, APPEARED RELAXED DESPITE A BUSY WEEK OF MEETINGS AND A LONG OVERNIGHT FLIGHT FROM PARIS.

WITHIN TWO HOURS HERTER HAD FLOWN BY HELICOPTER TO GETTYSBURG, PA. THERE HE CONFERRED WITH EISENHOWER ON THE SUN PORCH OF THE PRESIDENT'S FARM HOME FOR 75 MINUTES, THEN RETURNED TO WASHINGTON.

BOTH HERTER'S AIRPORT STATEMENT AND WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY, IN RELAYING WORD OF THE SECRETARY'S TALK WITH EISENHOWER, USED THE WORDS "VERY SUCCESSFUL" TO DESCRIBE HERTER'S MEETINGS WITH BRITAIN'S SELWYN LLOYD, FRANCE'S MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE AND WEST GERMANY'S HEINRICH VON BRENTANO.

"BOTH IN SPIRIT AND IN SUBSTANCE," HERTER SAID, "WE REACHED COMPLETE AGREEMENT ON A HIGHLY IMPORTANT WESTERN POSITION. THIS SHOULD ASSIST US GREATLY IN MAKING PROGRESS AT GENEVA SHOULD THE SOVIET UNION DEMONSTRATE AN HONEST DESIRE TO NEGOTIATE."

HERTER SAID UNDER QUESTIONING THAT THE AGREEMENT HE SPOKE OF COVERED ALL ISSUES THAT CAME UP IN THE PARIS TALKS.

HE SAID HE WILL LEAVE AGAIN FRIDAY FOR GENEVA, WHERE THE WESTERN MINISTERS WILL NEGOTIATE FOR SEVERAL WEEKS WITH RUSSIA'S ANDREI GROMYKO AS A PRELUDE TO A POSSIBLE SUMMIT CONFERENCE LATER.

ASKED WHETHER HE WAS OPTIMISTIC ABOUT PROSPECTS FOR THE BIG FOUR CONFERENCE, HERTER SAID: "IF I KNEW WHAT FRAME OF MIND THE OTHER FELLOW WAS IN I COULD ANSWER THAT BETTER."

FROM WHAT HERTER SAID AND FROM OTHER SOURCES, IT WAS CLEAR THE WESTERN MINISTERS HAD AGREED ONLY ON THEIR OPENING MOVES AT GENEVA. THOSE MOVES ARE BUILT AROUND A PACKAGE OF PROPOSALS FOR GRADUAL REUNIFICATION OF GERMANY, MEASURES FOR EUROPEAN ARMS CONTROLS, THE FORMATION AFTER SEVERAL YEARS OF AN ALL-GERMAN GOVERNMENT AND THE CONCLUSION OF A GERMAN PEACE TREATY. UNDER THIS PLAN, THE BERLIN PROBLEM WOULD BE SOLVED BY AGREEMENT OF RUSSIA AND THE WESTERN POWERS TO TREAT BERLIN AS THE PREDESTINED CAPITAL OF REUNITED GERMANY.

RUSSIA HAS ALREADY SERVED NOTICE THESE WESTERN PLANS WILL BE TURNED DOWN. THIS PROSPECT HAS RAISED THE QUESTION OF WHAT THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES WOULD DO NEXT.

HERTER'S AIDES DEPLORED USE OF THE TERM "FALL-BACK POSITION" IN THIS RESPECT. THEY SAID THE WESTERN SET OF PROPOSALS WILL BE PRESENTED TO RUSSIA IN GOOD FAITH, AND IF GROMYKO TURNS IT DOWN THE WESTERN MINISTERS WILL THEN DECIDE--IN THE LIGHT OF WHAT HE SAYS AND HOW HE ACTS--WHAT THEIR NEXT MOVE SHOULD BE.

AUTHORITIES SAID THE PACKAGE IS NOT REGARDED AS INVIOABLE BUT THE WESTERN MINISTERS DO NOT INTEND TO BREAK IT UP OR NEGOTIATE ON PARTS OF IT UNLESS GROMYKO GIVES EVIDENCE THAT RUSSIA IS SERIOUSLY INTERESTED IN NEGOTIATING.

FG224PED
A80

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 2 P.M. EST TODAY SATURDAY, MAY 2)

(ADVANCE) COPENHAGEN, DENMARK, MAY 2 (AP)—SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD SAID TODAY PRACTICAL CONSIDERATIONS VIRTUALLY BAR THE SETTING UP OF EITHER A U.N. MILITARY OR CIVILIAN POLITICAL AUTHORITY IN BERLIN.

HE MADE THE STATEMENT IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR DELIVERY HERE IN WHICH HE STRESSED ALSO THE ADVANTAGES AS HE SAW THEM OF HOLDING AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL.

HAMMARSKJOLD SPOKE AT A MEETING OF THE STUDENTS ASSN. (CAP S AND A) IN THE DANISH CAPITAL. HE STOPPED HERE EN ROUTE TO GENEVA, WHERE HE WILL ATTEND A U.N. CONFERENCE. HE WILL BE IN GENEVA WHEN THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND THE SOVIET UNION OPEN THEIR CONFERENCE ON BERLIN AND GERMANY ON MAY 12.

HE SAID THERE WAS NO REASON FOR HIM TO PROPHECY AS TO WHETHER A SUMMIT CONFERENCE WOULD BE HELD, BUT HE RECALLED THAT WHEN SUCH A MEETING WAS DISCUSSED LAST YEAR THE INTENTION WAS TO HAVE IT "WITHIN, OR IN INTIMATE CONNECTION WITH THE SECURITY COUNCIL."

HE SAID THAT SHOULD PRESENT PLANS DEVELOP IN THE SAME DIRECTION, IT WOULD MEAN THAT THE NEGOTIATIONS WOULD TAKE PLACE AGAINST THE BACKGROUND OF THE U.N. CHARTER WHICH STRESSES THE OBLIGATION OF FINDING A PEACEFUL SOLUTION TO INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES.

HAMMARSKJOLD REFERRED TO SPECULATION THAT THE BIG POWERS MIGHT DECIDE TO ESTABLISH A "PRESENCE" IN WEST BERLIN AS ONE MEANS OF EASING EAST-WEST TENSION.

HE COMMENTED THAT, WHILE THERE HAVE BEEN NO CONCRETE PROPOSALS AS TO THE TYPE OF PRESENCE, IN HIS VIEW "PRACTICAL CONSIDERATIONS ALONE" PREVENT A SEMI-MILITARY ARRANGEMENT, SUCH AS HAD BEEN SET UP IN LEBANON DURING LAST YEAR'S MIDDLE EAST CRISIS. HE ADDED:

"NOR DO I FIND IT REASONABLE TO ENVISAGE CIVILIAN TASKS FOR THE UNITED NATIONS THAT WOULD ASSUME AN ULTIMATE CONSTITUTIONAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY ONE OF THE MAIN ORGANS OF THE ORGANIZATION EXCEEDING WHAT THEY ARE EQUIPPED OR READY FOR."

"THIS EXCLUDES THE IMPOSITION IN THIS CASE OF EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY ON THE UNITED NATIONS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE TASKS WHICH REQUIRE POLITICAL DECISIONS. THE POSSIBILITIES I HAVE THUS WRITTEN OFF STILL LEAVES A WIDE AREA WITHIN WHICH THE UNITED NATIONS COULD LEND ASSISTANCE SHOULD SUCH ASSISTANCE BE REQUESTED BY THE NEGOTIATING PARTIES."

HAMMARSKJOLD DID NOT SPELL OUT WHAT HE MEANT BY "PRACTICAL CONSIDERATIONS" BARRING U.N. SEMI-MILITARY BODIES IN BERLIN, BUT IT WAS BELIEVED THAT BOTH FRANCE AND WEST GERMANY OPPOSE SUCH A COURSE.

HE CALLED ATTENTION TO THE FACT THAT THE U.N. WILL BE HOST TO THE FOREIGN MINISTERS IN GENEVA. HE SAID THIS REFLECTS THE FACT THAT SHOULD THE FOREIGN MINISTERS FIND THEMSELVES IN NEED OF U.N. AID "THEY CAN ASK FOR SUCH ASSISTANCE AND WILL GET IT."

THE SECRETARY GENERAL SAID THAT NEGOTIATIONS WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE UNITED NATIONS HAVE A SPECIAL ADVANTAGE.

"ONE MAY AGREE OR FAIL TO AGREE TO A FOREIGN MINISTERS' MEETING ON A CERTAIN QUESTION, FOR INSTANCE," HE COMMENTED. "BUT ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY IS IT POSSIBLE TO AVOID ENTERING A REPLY IF THE SAME QUESTION IS BROUGHT BEFORE THE UNITED NATIONS IN THE PRESCRIBED FORM."

"THE IMPORTANCE OF THIS IS INCREASED BY THE FACT THAT NOT THE PARTIES ALONE, BUT PRACTICALLY ALL THE STATES IN THE WORLD, ARE REPRESENTED AT THE NEGOTIATING TABLE IN THE UNITED NATIONS."

HAMMARSKJOLD SAID THAT A FEATURE OF U.N. NEGOTIATIONS IS "A CONTINUOUS DIPLOMATIC CONFERENCE WITHOUT PUBLICITY" THAT GOES SIDE BY SIDE WITH THE PUBLIC DEBATES.

"THIS IS THE RESPECT IN WHICH THAT CONTINUOUS CONTACT ASSUMES ITS GREATEST IMPORTANCE," HE ADDED. "THE INDEPENDENT OPINION WHICH GIVES THE NEGOTIATIONS IN THE UNITED NATIONS THEIR SPECIAL CHARACTER IS FORMED AS MUCH OUTSIDE THE CONFERENCE HALLS AS INSIDE THEM."

HE SAID IT IS "HARDLY REASONABLE TO REPROACH" THE U.N. FOR BEING UNABLE TO COPE WITH THE COLD WAR OR FOR CONFINING ITSELF TO EXPRESSIONS OF PRINCIPLE IN THE HUNGARIAN QUESTION.

"IN THE FIRST CASE," HE DECLARED, "IT IS OBVIOUS THAT THE ORGANIZATION CAN ADVANCE NO FURTHER THAN THE INTENTIONS OF THE PARTIES PERMIT. IN THE LATTER CASE, IT IS WORTH REMEMBERING THAT, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF ONE OR TWO OF THE SMALLER COUNTRIES, NO GOVERNMENT IN THE UNITED NATIONS URGED MEASURES GOING FURTHER THAN THOSE WHICH WERE ACTUALLY TAKEN."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 2 P.M. EST SATURDAY MAY 2.)

PL658AED

A142

BY MICHAEL GOLDSMITH (300)

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, MAY 2 (AP)-WORKMEN TODAY PUT UP THE CEILING HIGH WOODEN BARRIERS INSIDE THE PALAIS DES NATIONS, CLOSING OFF THE SECURITY AREA FOR THE BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE OPENING MAY 11.

THE CONFERENCE ON THE PROBLEMS OF BERLIN, GERMAN REUNIFICATION AND EUROPEAN SECURITY WILL AGAIN BE HELD IN THE ORNATE COUNCIL ROOM WHERE THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE DISCUSSED MUCH THE SAME PROBLEMS IN 1955.

THE COUNCIL ROOM WAS BUILT FOR THE COUNCIL OF THE OLD LEAGUE OF NATIONS. IT IS DECORATED WITH A VAST SEPIA-COLORED FRESCO BY SPANISH ARTIST JOSE MARIA SERT, SYMBOLIZING "THE BROTHERHOOD OF MAN."

THE PALAIS DES NATIONS, THE LEAGUE'S FORMER HEADQUARTERS AND NOW THE EUROPEAN OFFICE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, IS ONE OF THE LARGEST BUILDINGS IN EUROPE.

WHILE WORKMEN SEALED OFF THE SECURITY AREA INSIDE THE PALAIS, OTHERS WERE PREPARING A GIANT PRESS CENTER IN DOWNTOWN GENEVA WHERE THE DELEGATION BRIEFINGS WILL BE HELD AFTER EACH DAY'S CONFERENCE SESSION.

THE 1,500 NEWSMEN AND PHOTOGRAPHERS EXPECTED TO COVER THE CONFERENCE WILL BE BARRED FROM THE SECURITY AREA.

AN ORGANIZING COMMITTEE OF THE FOUR POWERS, THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND THE SOVIET UNION, WILL MEET IN THE PALAIS MONDAY TO DISCUSS ADMINISTRATIVE AND SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS.

THE FOREIGN MINISTERS ARE EXPECTED TO BEGIN ARRIVING MAY 9. THE WESTERN MINISTERS, CHRISTIAN A. HERTER OF THE UNITED STATES, SELWYN LLOYD OF BRITAIN AND MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE OF FRANCE, HAVE THEIR FIRST APPOINTMENT AT A LUNCHEON ON MAY 10.

THE FIRST CONFERENCE SESSION ON MAY 11 IS EXPECTED TO DISCUSS WHETHER THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF EAST AND WEST GERMANY, POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA SHOULD BE ADMITTED TO THE CONFERENCE AS OBSERVERS.

HERTER WILL STAY IN THE LUXURIOUS LAKESIDE HOME OF AMERICAN INDUSTRIALIST CAMPBELL MACGREGOR, OF SAN FRANCISCO. SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO WILL STAY AT THE SOVIET DELEGATION VILLA NEAR THE PALAIS.

COUVE DE MURVILLE WILL BE AT THE LAKESIDE VILLA, BARAKAT, AT SUBURBAN VERSOIX. THIS IS THE FORMER HOME OF THE AGA KHAN III AND NOW IS THE PROPERTY OF THE FRENCH ROTHSCHILD FAMILY. LLOYD WILL BE LODGED IN A PRIVATE HOUSE IN THE UNIVERSITY SECTION OF DOWNTOWN GENEVA.

R856PED

A116

(140)

LONDON, MAY 2 (AP)-BRITAIN TODAY WAS REPORTED SEEKING NUCLEAR INDEPENDENCE FROM THE UNITED STATES BY DEVELOPING ITS OWN WARHEADS FOR GUIDED MISSILES.

TWO BRITISH NEWSPAPERS SAID THE PROGRAM IS AIMED AT FREEING THIS COUNTRY FROM RELIANCE ON AMERICAN NUCLEAR WARHEADS SUPPLIED TO ROYAL AIR FORCE ROCKET CREWS.

GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS DECLINED COMMENT.

THE LABORITE DAILY HERALD SAID BRITAIN'S AIMS TO BECOME COMPLETELY INDEPENDENT IN MANUFACTURING AND USING BALLISTIC MISSILES WITH HYDROGEN AND ATOMIC WARHEADS.

AT PRESENT BRITAIN IS RELYING ON U.S. WARHEADS FOR ITS AMERICAN MADE THOR INTERMEDIATE RANGE MISSILES. AMERICAN PERMISSION IS NEEDED BEFORE BRITISH CREWS CAN FIRE THEM.

THE LIBERAL NEWS CHRONICLE SAID THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION HAS AGREED "TO SHARE KNOW-HOW AND MATERIALS TO THAT BRITAIN CAN MANUFACTURE WHATEVER WARHEADS SHE WANTS."

THE PAPER ADDED THAT THE U.S. GOVERNMENT ALSO HAS AGREED BRITAIN ALONE CAN SAY WHEN AND HOW NUCLEAR ROCKETS BASED IN THIS COUNTRY CAN BE FIRED.

KL/N932AED

A76

VIENNA, MAY 2 (AP)-SOUTH AFRICA HAS OFFERED TO SUPPLY THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY (IAEA) 1,000 TONS OF URANIUM OXIDE ANNUALLY AT \$8 A POUND, IT WAS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

BELGIUM HAS ALSO MADE A URANIUM OXIDE OFFER AT THE SAME PRICE, BUT THE AMOUNT AVAILABLE TO AGENCY MEMBERS WAS NOT SPECIFIED.

THE 80-ODD MEMBERS OF THE IAEA CAN BUY THE URANIUM FROM THE HEADQUARTERS IN VIENNA FOR PEACEFUL NUCLEAR PURPOSES.

PL638AED

S41

(160)

BONN, GERMANY, MAY 2 (AP)-THE WEST GERMAN DEFENSE MINISTRY TODAY DENIED REPORTS THAT GERMAN AIR FORCE PLANES WERE INVOLVED IN THE APRIL 21 MYSTERY BOMBING OF THE KNECHTSAND SANDBANK OFF THE NORTH SEA COAST.

A MINISTRY ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THAT EUGEN LECHNER, DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF THE SOCIALIST GROUP IN THE SCHLESWIG HOLSTEIN STATE PARLIAMENT, CLAIMED IN A SPEECH THAT THE BOMBS HAD BEEN DROPPED BY PLANES OF THE GERMAN AIR FORCE.

THIS WAS DONE, LECHNER CLAIMED ACCORDING TO THE ANNOUNCEMENT, TO BOLSTER DEFENSE MINISTER FRANZ JOSEF STRAUSS' DEMANDS FOR MORE DEFENSE MONEY.

THE MINISTRY RECALLED THAT SUCH CLAIMS WERE AIRED SOME DAYS AGO BY SOVIET PROPAGANDA SOURCES AND ADDED: "EVIDENTLY, DEPUTY LECHNER IS LEANING ON THESE SOURCES."

ON APRIL 21, SOLDIERS OF A GERMAN NAVAL COASTAL STATION REPORTED THEY OBSERVED UNIDENTIFIED AIRCRAFT DROPPING BOMBS ON THE SANDBANK AND COUNTED 45 DETONATIONS. THE INCIDENT IS STILL UNDER INVESTIGATION BY GERMAN MILITARY AUTHORITIES AND NATO HEADQUARTERS.

W1030AED

A122

(140)
LA SPEZIA, ITALY, MAY 2 (AP)-NINE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIES OPENED AN ANTISUBMARINE RESEARCH CENTER IN THIS ITALIAN RIVIERA TOWN TODAY AND AN AMERICAN ADMIRAL DISCUSSED THE SOVIET SUBMARINE MENACE. THE CENTER, FINANCED BY A U. S. GRANT OF 2 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS, IS STAFFED BY MILITARY AND CIVILIAN EXPERTS FROM THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, DENMARK, FRANCE, WEST GERMANY, ITALY, HOLLAND, NORWAY AND BRITAIN. IT WILL BE SUPERVISED BY THE SUPREME ALLIED ATLANTIC COMMAND WITH HEADQUARTERS AT NORFOLK, VA. ADM. JERAULD WRIGHT, SUPREME ALLIED NAVAL COMMANDER IN THE ATLANTIC, ATTENDED THE DEDICATION CEREMONIES ALONG WITH OTHER HIGH OFFICERS AND LATER DISCUSSED THE SOVIET SUBMARINE THREAT WITH NEWSMEN. HE SAID IT "IS KNOWN THAT THE SOVIETS HAVE A VERY STRONG UNDERWATER FLEET, CAPABLE OF MENACING THE COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN THE COUNTRIES OF THE FREE WORLD." WRIGHT ADDED THAT IT ALSO IS GENERAL KNOWLEDGE THAT THE SOVIETS ARE PREPARING ATOMIC SUBS CAPABLE OF LAUNCHING MISSILES.

JE744PES

A61

(300)
BY BORIS BOSKOVIC
BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, MAY 2 (AP)-PRESIDENT TITO SAYS HE HAD A GRIMMER TIME IN MOSCOW DURING STALIN'S PURGES THAN HE HAD FIGHTING IN WORLD WAR II.

IN WAR, ADDS TITO, ONE AT LEAST KNOWS WHERE HIS ENEMY IS. THE YUGOSLAV LEADER DESCRIBED HIS MOSCOW EXPERIENCES BETWEEN THE TWO WORLD WARS IN AN INTERVIEW CARRIED BY THE YUGOSLAV COMMUNIST PARTY ORGAN "KOMUNIST." TITO SAID HE SPENT MOST OF HIS TIME IN MOSCOW STUDYING, AND RARELY LEFT HIS HOTEL IN THE KOMINTERN BUILDING. "I ONLY READ," SAID TITO. "I AVOIDED DISCUSSIONS BECAUSE THE NKVD (SECRET POLICE) TAPPED ALL TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS." "PERHAPS, THIS ATTITUDE," SAID TITO, "KEPT ME FROM COMING UNDER STALIN'S KIFE."

"I IMMEDIATELY FELT THAT I HAD TO GUARD MYSELF," HE SAID. THE YUGOSLAV PARTISAN LEADER--WHO DURING WORLD WAR II WAS SURROUNDED AT ONE TIME BY DIVISIONS OF GERMAN, ITALIAN AND PRO-NAZI YUGOSLAV TROOPS--SAID:

"BECAUSE SO MANY THINGS WERE COOKED UP IN MOSCOW, I CAN SAY THAT THE PERIOD THERE WAS THE GRIMMEST TIME OF MY LIFE. EVEN IN WAR IT WAS EASIER, BECAUSE IN WAR ONE AT LEAST KNOWS WHERE HIS ENEMY IS."

TITO SAID THE ATMOSPHERE IN MOSCOW WAS SO OPPRESSIVE THAT HE WAS "OVERCOME WITH HAPPINESS" WHEN HE RETURNED TO PREWAR YUGOSLAVIA, ALTHOUGH HE HAD TO LIVE UNDERGROUND.

30.24-6955

AT LEAST A HUNDRED LEADING YUGOSLAV REDS DIED IN STALIN'S PURGES, SAID TITO. MANY OF THESE DID NOT KNOW THEIR MOSCOW PHONES WERE TAPPED, ADDED TITO, AND WONDERED WHEN "SUDDENLY THIS PERSON OR THAT ONE WAS ARRESTED."

THE YUGOSLAV RED CHIEF SAID HE INTENDS TO REHABILITATE THE NAMES OF THESE YUGOSLAV COMMUNISTS.

TITO'S COMMENTS ON THE MOSCOW SCENE WERE THE FIRST OF THIS NATURE, ALTHOUGH HE HAS ATTACKED STALIN FREQUENTLY SINCE BREAKING WITH THE KREMLIN IN 1948.

VS559AED

A1

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, MAY 2 (AP)-NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV TODAY CABLED YUGOSLAV PRESIDENT TITO THANKING HIM FOR BIRTHDAY CONGRATULATIONS AND EXPRESSING HOPE "THE THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN OUR PEOPLES WILL DEVELOP IN THE INTEREST OF PEACE AND SOCIALISM."

THE SOVIET PREMIER'S CORDIAL MESSAGE, DISCLOSED BY THE OFFICIAL YUGOSLAV NEWS AGENCY TANJUG, FOLLOWS RECENT FRIENDLY SOVIET-YUGOSLAV EXCHANGES. YUGOSLAV COMMUNISTS, HOWEVER, NOTED THAT THE SOVIET BLOC STILL CONTINUED A VIGOROUS PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN AGAINST THEIR POLICY OF INDEPENDENCE FROM MOSCOW AND ATTACKED YUGOSLAV LEADERS REPEATEDLY.

SF1202PED

A60

TOKYO, MAY 2 (AP)-MADAME SUN YAT-SEN, WIDOW OF THE FOUNDER OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC, TODAY DECLARED "NOTHING ON EARTH CAN SHAKE THE SOLIDARITY" BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND COMMUNIST CHINA, PEIPING RADIO REPORTED.

MADAME SUN, RECENTLY ELECTED A VICE PRESIDENT OF COMMUNIST CHINA, ADDRESSED THE THIRD NATIONAL CONGRESS OF THE CHINESE-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP ASSN. SHE ALSO ACTED AS CHAIRMAN.

AMONG THOSE ATTENDING, THE BROADCAST SAID, WAS THE PANCHEN LAMA, PEIPING'S RULER IN TIBET FOLLOWING THE RECENT REBELLION.

HW40PED

A64

TOKYO, MAY 2 (AP)-THE U.S. ASSUMPTION THAT HIGH ALTITUDE NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS CAUSE NO HARM TO HUMANS IS A "GROSS MISTAKE," A JAPANESE NUCLEAR SCIENTIST SAID TODAY.

PROF. YASUO MIYAKE, CHIEF OF JAPAN'S GEOCHEMICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE, DECLARED STRONTIUM 90, DEADLIEST BY-PRODUCT OF NUCLEAR FISSION, WILL PILE UP ON THE EARTH'S SURFACE EVEN THOUGH THE EXPLOSIONS ARE DETONATED AT AN ALTITUDE OF MORE THAN 30 MILES.

HE SAID THE ACCUMULATION OF STRONTIUM 90 ON THE EARTH'S SURFACE WILL REACH 50 MILLI-CURIES PER SQUARE KILOMETER IN 10 YEARS EVEN IF ALL NUCLEAR TESTS ARE HALTED IMMEDIATELY. THE INTERNATIONALLY AGREED MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE DOSE OF STRONTIUM 90 IS 50 TO 80 MILLI-CURIES PER SQUARE KILOMETER, MIYAKE SAID.

HA606AED

A66

OTARU, JAPAN, MAY 2 (AP)-EIGHT JAPANESE FISHERMEN CAPTURED AND DETAINED IN SOVIET RUSSIA FOR ALLEGEDLY VIOLATING RUSSIAN-CLAIMED WATERS OFF NORTHERN HOKKAIDO LAST YEAR RETURNED HERE TODAY.

THE FISHERMEN RETURNED FROM HOMLSK, SAKHALIN, VIA A JAPANESE MARITIME SAFETY BOARD PATROL BOAT WHICH WAS PERMITTED TO ENTER THE RUSSIAN PORT.

HA611AED

A60

TAIPEI, MAY 2 (AP)-U.S. AID IS HELPING FISHERMEN ON THE NATIONALIST-HELD MATSU ISLANDS AT THE NORTH END OF FORMOSA STRAIT TO MECHANIZE THEIR BOATS.

THE AID IS BEING FURNISHED THROUGH THE JOINT COMMISSION ON RURAL RECONSTRUCTION, A CHINESE-AMERICAN SUBSIDIARY OF THE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION.

A REPORT SAID 33 OF THE 244 FISHING BOATS IN THE MATSUS SO FAR HAVE BEEN POWERED WITH SMALL DIESEL ENGINES. FOR THE CARE AND OPERATION OF THE DIESELS, 41 MATSU FISHERMEN HAVE BEEN GIVEN A SHORT TRAINING COURSE ON FORMOSA AND 80 MORE WILL BE TRAINED ON MATSU BEFORE THE YEAR ENDS.

VS553AED

A70

TAIPEI, MAY 2 (AP)-J. GRAHAM PARSONS, WHO BECOMES U.S. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR FAR EASTERN AFFAIRS JULY 1, HAS ASSURED PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK AND OTHER NATIONALIST LEADERS PRESENT U.S. POLICY TOWARD THE GOVERNMENT HERE WILL BE MAINTAINED.

THERE HAD BEEN SOME MISGIVINGS HERE AS TO WHETHER THE RESHUFFLE IN THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT MIGHT BRING ABOUT A CHANGE OF THE POLICY OF STRONG SUPPORT FOR THE NATIONALISTS AND A FIRM STAND AGAINST RED CHINA.

PARSONS HAS EMPHASIZED, HOWEVER, THAT THE REPLACEMENT OF SECRETARY OF STATE DULLES AND HIS OWN APPOINTMENT TO SUCCEED WALTER S. ROBERTSON COULD NOT ALTER THE PICTURE.

PARSONS MET PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK TWICE ON MONDAY. HE WAS ONE OF THE GUESTS AT THE RECEPTION THE PRESIDENT GAVE TO MARK THE EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE U.S. MILITARY ASSISTANCE ADVISORY GROUP (MAAG).

HA629AED

A72

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, MAY 2 (AP)-PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK TODAY CONGRATULATED QUEMOY'S ONLY NEWSPAPER FOR NOT MISSING A SINGLE DAILY ISSUE DURING ITS 10 YEARS OF PUBLICATION.

THE TABLOID CHENG CHI CHUNG HUA EVEN WENT TO PRESS DURING THE 44-DAY BOMBARDMENT, LAUNCHED LAST AUG. 23, WHEN THE MAINLAND CHINESE COMMUNISTS REPORTEDLY DROPPED SOME 400,000 SHELLS ON THE OFF SHORE ISLAND.

PL632AED

A105

DAMASCUS, SYRIA, MAY 2 (AP)-A STATE SECURITY COURT TODAY SENTENCED SIX SYRIAN COMMUNISTS TO SHORT PRISON TERMS ON CHARGES OF "MEMBERSHIP IN A SECRET ORGANIZATION HAVING AN INTERNATIONAL CHARACTER."

THEY WERE ALSO CONVICTED OF "SPREADING FALSE RUMORS WHICH CAUSED CONFUSION IN THE COUNTRY." TERMS RAN FROM 10 DAYS TO 6 MONTHS.

THIS WAS THE FIRST BATCH OF COMMUNISTS TRIED AND SENTENCED IN THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC'S SYRIAN REGION FOR MEMBERSHIP IN A SECRET ORGANIZATION. SEVEN MORE COMMUNISTS ARE ON TRIAL BEFORE A STATE SECURITY COURT ON SIMILAR CHARGES.

SM633PED

A17WX

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST TODAY
(500) AMS BUDGET

DEFENSE-AUSA

BY ELTON C. FAY

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MAY 2 (AP)-THE ASSOCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY SAYS OVER-RELIANCE ON HYDROGEN WEAPONS IS FORCING AMERICAN DIPLOMACY AND STRATEGY INTO AN ALL-OR-NOTHING PATTERN.

IN A CRITIQUE ON CURRENT DEFENSE POLICY, THE ASSOCIATION SAID: "THE PRESENT MILITARY POSTURE OF THE UNITED STATES IS OUT OF BALANCE AND INCAPABLE OF EXERTING ITS FULL INFLUENCE ON WAR AND COLD WAR SITUATIONS THAT LIE ON THAT BROAD SPECTRUM BETWEEN A SIMPLE 'SHOWING OF THE FLAG' AT ONE END AND THERMONUCLEAR WAR AT THE OTHER END."

THE ASSOCIATION IS HEADED BY MAJ. GEN. A. J. DREXEL BIDDLE, RETIRED. A COMMITTEE WHICH PREPARED THE PAMPHLET LISTED AS ITS CHAIRMAN GEN. MATTHEW B. RIDGWAY, FORMER ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF.

THE ORGANIZATION DESCRIBES ITSELF AS A NONPROFIT EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF ABOUT 60,000 MEMBERS. MEMBERS INCLUDE CIVILIANS AS WELL AS ACTIVE AND RETIRED MEN. THE GROUP LONG HAS PROMOTED ARMY OBJECTIVES.

THE REPORT SAID THE ASSOCIATION "IS GRAVELY DISTURBED THAT SO MANY AMERICANS ASSERT THAT WAR IN EUROPE WILL NECESSARILY BE AN EXCLUSIVELY THERMONUCLEAR WAR; WE BELIEVE THIS IS UNREALISTIC."

IT ADDED THAT IT AGREES WITH SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER'S VIEW THAT THE INITIAL STAGE OF WAR MIGHT USE LIMITED FORCES. THE ASSOCIATION SAID IT BELIEVES THAT:

"A GROUND AND AIR WAR USING TACTICAL ATOMIC WEAPONS MIGHT BREAK OUT IN EUROPE IN THE MANNER SUGGESTED BY MR. HERTER AND THE NATURE OF THE CONFLICT AND THE PREVAILING SITUATION MIGHT BE SUCH AS TO MAKE IT IMPRACTICAL TO EXPAND THE CONFLICT INTO TOTAL THERMONUCLEAR WAR, SINCE SUCH AN EXPANSION WOULD MEAN THE CERTAIN DESTRUCTION OF THE VERY AREAS AND VALUES WE ARE COMMITTED TO DEFEND AND PRESERVE."

"UNTIL SUCH MOMENT AS THE POTENTIAL ENEMY MIGHT VENTURE TO RISK SUICIDE BY RESORT TO MASSIVE STRATEGIC ATTACK, THE MOST EFFECTIVE MEANS OF DEFENDING FREE WORLD POSITIONS--AND THIS ALSO APPLIES TO INTERVENTION IN CONFLICTS OF POTENTIALLY LIMITED SCOPE--RESTS IN WELL INTEGRATED FORCES, WHICH IMPORTANTLY INCLUDE GROUND FORCES ARMED WITH TACTICAL NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND CAPABLE OF WAGING MODERNIZED CONVENTIONAL WARFARE."

THE ASSOCIATION CONTENTS THE PRESENT PROGRAM DOES NOT PROVIDE ADEQUATELY FOR SUCH FORCES.

WHAT IS NEEDED IN THE ARMY IS MORE MEN, NOT FEWER, WHICH THE MILITARY MANPOWER PROGRAM NOW IS PROVIDING, THE PAMPHLET SAID. IT ADDED THAT A MILLION-MAN ARMY IS NEEDED INSTEAD OF THE 870,000-MAN FORCE TO BE REACHED AT THE END OF NEXT MONTH UNDER A CUTBACK PROGRAM. AND THE REPORT DECLARED THAT:

"THE BITTER TRUTH IS THAT TODAY'S U. S. ARMY IS NOT ONLY OUTMANNED BY THE COMMUNISTS, IT IS OUTGUNNED."

THE REPORT ESTIMATED THAT 60 PER CENT OF THE ARMY'S PRESENT ARMS INVENTORY, IN TERMS OF DOLLARS, WAS PROCURED DURING WORLD WAR II AND KOREA, WITH ANOTHER 10 PER CENT PRE-DATING WORLD WAR II--WHICH MEANS ONLY 30 PER CENT IS POST-KOREAN WAR PROCUREMENT.

U. S. DIVISIONS IN THE FAR EAST, EUROPE AND AT HOME "ARE ARMED WITH MANY OBSOLETE WEAPONS AND OUTDATED PIECES OF EQUIPMENT WHILE RUSSIA HAS EQUIPPED ITS ARMY WITH THE MOST MODERN WEAPONS TO BE OBTAINED," IT SAID.

THE ASSOCIATION DEPLORED THE ADMINISTRATION'S REFUSAL TO INCLUDE IN THE NEW BUDGET FUNDS TO START THE ARMY'S FIVE-YEAR, 15 BILLION DOLLAR MODERNIZATION PROGRAM.

"THE ADMINISTRATION'S BUDGET MAKES A SHAM OF THE ONCE BOLD IDEA THAT WE WOULD OFFSET THE ENEMY'S SUPERIORITY OF MANPOWER WITH SUPERIOR WEAPONS; TODAY THE SOVIET UNION IS SUPERIOR IN BOTH MANPOWER AND WEAPONS," THE REPORT SAID.

ER111PED

A36WX

(280) ADVANCE FOR 5 30 P.M. EST TODAY

JACKSON-THINKERS

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MAY 2 (AP)-SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON (D-WASH) SAID TONIGHT HE WILL ASK CONGRESS TO ESTABLISH AN ALL-AMERICAN TEAM OF THINKERS TO HELP PLAN COLD WAR STRATEGY.

JACKSON OUTLINED HIS PROPOSAL IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR A DINNER OF THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF INTERNATIONAL LAW.

"THIS WOULD NOT BE A GROUP OF 'ARMCHAIR EXPERTS' OR AN ADVISORY BODY OF 'ELDER STATESMEN'," HE SAID. "THIS WOULD BE A TEAM THAT IS ON THE FIELD, NOT IN THE STANDS--AN 'ALL-AMERICAN TEAM' OF THINKERS."

THE SENATOR DID NOT SUGGEST ANY NAMES FOR SUCH A PANEL.

JACKSON PICTURED THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES AS "LOSING GROUND IN ONE VITAL AREA AFTER ANOTHER--MILITARY STRENGTH, ECONOMIC CAPABILITY, SCIENTIFIC CAPACITY, POLITICAL IMPACT, AND PSYCHOLOGICAL INFLUENCE."

"I BELIEVE THAT OUR MAIN DIFFICULTY IS THAT WE DO NOT HAVE A NATIONAL POLICY FOR THE CONTEST WITH THE SINO-SOVIET BLOC," HE SAID.

ALTHOUGH THERE ARE MANY WORTHWHILE PLANS AND IDEAS IN THIS COUNTRY, JACKSON SAID "THEY FAIL TO GET TO THE TOP LEVEL OF GOVERNMENT FOR DECISION."

HE SAID HIS PROPOSAL FOR AN INDEPENDENT ACADEMY OF NATIONAL POLICY AIMS AT FILLING THIS GAP.

JACKSON SAID NEITHER THE PRESIDENT NOR THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL IS EQUIPPED FOR OR HAS TIME TO "DO BASIC, ACROSS-THE-BOARD, LONG-TERM THINKING."

HE SAID THE PROPOSED ACADEMY WOULD AID THE PRESIDENT AND THE SECURITY COUNCIL BY PROVIDING BACKGROUND AND IDEAS FOR POLICY MAKING.

JACKSON SAID THE ACADEMY SHOULD BE CONTROLLED BY A BOARD OF TRUSTEES APPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT SUBJECT TO SENATE CONFIRMATION. THESE TRUSTEES WOULD APPOINT A DIRECTOR WHO IN TURN WHO SELECT MEMBERS OF THE ACADEMY WITH THEIR APPROVAL.

"THEY WOULD BE PERSONS OF DEMONSTRATED ABILITY," HE SAID, ADDING: "THIS BILLION DOLLARS WORTH OF BRAINS WOULD COST LITTLE MORE, I SUSPECT, THAN THE SUMS SPENT ON SHOELACES FOR THE ARMED SERVICES."

JACKSON SAID DETAILS OF HIS PROPOSED ORGANIZATION WOULD BE OUTLINED WHEN HE INTRODUCES THE BILL LATER.
EG/LT233PED

B18VX (Q)

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST TODAY

(300) INDIAN ECONOMY

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MAY 2 (AP)--THE NATIONAL PLANNING ASSN. SAID TODAY THE COMMUNIST EAST STANDS TO GAIN AN OVER-ALL ADVANTAGE FROM THE PRESENT DRIFT OF INDIA'S ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

A REPORT BY THE PRIVATE, NONPOLITICAL RESEARCH ORGANIZATION SAID INDIA'S RATE OF ECONOMIC GROWTH IS FALLING BEHIND EXPECTATIONS.

"FOR RUSSIA AND THE COMMUNIST COUNTRIES, PRESENT INDIAN DEVELOPMENT PROSPECTS MAY SEEM TO BE REASONABLY SATISFACTORY," IT SAID. "ON THE OTHER HAND, IF THE UNITED STATES AND WESTERN DEMOCRACIES DO WANT TO SEE A MORE SUCCESSFUL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM IN INDIA THEY HAVE MAJOR TASKS AHEAD."

IT SAID THESE TASKS INCLUDE ASSURANCES OF SIGNIFICANTLY LARGER AMOUNTS OF AID AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A CLOSE WORKING RELATIONSHIP WITH INDIA IN ITS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS.

THE DEVELOPING FRICTION BETWEEN INDIA AND COMMUNIST CHINA OVER TIBET WAS NOT MENTIONED IN THE ASSOCIATION'S REPORT. BUT A FOREWORD BY HENRY G. AUBREY, DIRECTOR OF RESEARCH, SAID INDIA'S SWEEPING VENTURE IN PLANNED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INEVITABLY INVITES COMPARISON WITH COMMUNIST CHINA'S STEPPED-UP ECONOMIC EFFORTS. HE ADDED:

"FOR THE MOMENT AT LEAST THE HUMAN AND SOCIAL COST OF THE CHINESE EXPERIMENT IS BROUGHT HOME IN AN UNCOMMONLY DRASTIC MANNER TO ALL BUT THE MOST NAIVE. BUT IF RED CHINA REALLY GROWS CONSIDERABLY MORE RAPIDLY THAN INDIA... THE INITIAL SACRIFICE MAY TEND TO BE FORGOTTEN."

THE 64-PAGE REPORT BY DR. WILFRED MALENBAUM OF THE CENTER OF INTERNATIONAL STUDIES, MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, SAID COMMUNIST BLOC ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE TO INDIA AMOUNTING TO 325 MILLION DOLLARS THROUGH DEC. 31 MAY BE MAKING A MORE POSITIVE IMPRESSION THAN THE \$2,240,000,000 SPENT BY THE WEST IN INDIA. OF THIS AMOUNT, THE UNITED STATES HAS CONTRIBUTED \$1,030,000,000.

MALENBAUM SAID WESTERN AID HAS BEEN SPREAD WHILE COMMUNIST AID HAS BEEN CONCENTRATED IN A FEW SHOWPIECE PROJECTS.

30.24-6957

HE SAID INDIA'S SECOND FIVE-YEAR PROGRAM ENDING IN 1961 WILL ACHIEVE ONLY HALF THE BOOST IN NATIONAL INCOME EXPECTED OF IT, AND THAT THE FAILURE WILL BE BLAMED ON THE RULING CONGRESS PARTY WITH PRESSURE FOR A MAJOR CHANGE FROM DEMOCRATIC WAYS TO METHODS OF "MORE ACTION, MORE EFFICIENCY."

ER151PED

A139FX

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 9:30 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME (TIME FIXED BY SOURCE))

KENNEDY (360)

(ADVANCE)--ASILOMAR, CALIF., MAY 2 (AP)--SEN. JOHN F. KENNEDY (D-MASS) SAID TONIGHT THE WORLD'S CAPITAL EXPORTING NATIONS MUST BACK INDIA WITH INVESTMENTS OF A BILLION DOLLARS A YEAR IN A RACE WITH RED CHINA--OR "THE ENTIRE FREE WORLD WILL SUFFER A SERIOUS REVERSE."

OTHERWISE, INDIA'S "ROLE AS A COUNTER TO THE RED CHINESE WOULD BE LOST AND COMMUNISM WOULD HAVE WON ITS GREATEST BLOODLESS VICTORY," KENNEDY TOLD THE WORLD AFFAIRS COUNCIL OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA.

HE CALLED FOR THREE POINTS OF DISTINCTION:

1. "LET US DISTINGUISH BETWEEN LENDING A HELPING HAND TO COUNTRIES--SUCH AS INDIA--WHICH ARE CARRYING FORWARD THEIR OWN DEVELOPMENT AND, ON THE OTHER HAND, UNDERWRITING THE ECONOMIES OF SUCH VITAL BUT SHAKY AREAS AS SOUTH KOREA, FORMOSA AND SOUTH VIET NAM."

2. "SECONDLY LET US DISTINGUISH BETWEEN AID SHIPMENTS THAT ARE GEARED TO THE NEEDS OF THE RECIPIENT COUNTRIES AND THOSE WHICH ARE MORE GEARED TO OUR DOMESTIC NEEDS TO DISPOSE OF AGRICULTURAL SURPLUSES."

3. "FINALLY, LET US DISTINGUISH BETWEEN FOREIGN AID NEEDED TO PROP UP A FALTERING FRIEND AND AID WHICH IS PART OF A COMPREHENSIVE LONG RANGE FOREIGN ECONOMIC POLICY."

HE SAID FOREIGN INVESTMENTS OF ABOUT A BILLION DOLLARS A YEAR IN INDIA WOULD BRING ABOUT A GROWTH IN INDIA TO A RANGE OF 25 TO 30 PER CENT "AS AGAINST A 10 TO 12 PER CENT GROWTH IN POPULATION."

KENNEDY SAID THE LEADERSHIP STRUGGLE BETWEEN INDIA AND RED CHINA AFFORDS A TESTING GROUND FOR AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY. HE CALLED FOR STABILIZATION OF THE DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND (CAPS D L F) AND CREATION OF AN INTERNATIONAL JOINT MISSION TO HELP APPRAISE INDIA'S NEEDS UNDER ITS THIRD 5-YEAR PLAN, STARTING IN 1961.

"THE FREE WORLD CANNOT SHAME RUSSIA AND CHINA INTO FREEDOM," HE SAID.

"BUT IT CAN INSPIRE DEMOCRACY TO ENRICH ITS OWN FREEDOM. FREEDOM'S BANNER WILL BE VINDICATED OR LOST, NOT BY THE TEST OF MILITARY STRENGTH ALONE, BUT BY THE PURITY AND PASSION OF OUR COMMITMENT TO DEMOCRACY, BY OUR DEDICATION TO THE ADVANCING HOPES OF NEW NATIONS AND BY OUR DETERMINATION TO PROVE THAT FREEDOM CAN LIFT THE HAGGARD BURDEN OF POVERTY FROM DESOLATE LANDS."

KENNEDY SAID RED CHINA'S MOBILIZATION OF UNEMPLOYED MASSES THROUGH ECONOMIC COMMUNES, COTTAGE INDUSTRY AND OTHER METHODS "IS AN ACHIEVEMENT WHOSE POLITICAL AND INTELLECTUAL IMPACT IN LESS DEVELOPED AREAS IS BOUND TO BE IMMENSE."

JW/CC546PPPD NM

A29SE

(290)

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 5:30 P.M. EST TODAY, SATURDAY, MAY 2).

(ADVANCE)...TACOMA, WASH., MAY 2 (AP)--THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ARE BEING LULLED INTO COMPLACENCY BECAUSE THE ADMINISTRATION IS CONCEALING A STEADY DETERIORATION OF THE COUNTRY'S WORLD POSITION, SEN. STUART SYMINGTON (D-MO) SAID TONIGHT.

IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR A JEFFERSON-JACKSON DAY DINNER, SYMINGTON SAID THAT WHAT HE CALLED A POLICY OF CONCEALMENT "GOES TO THE HEART OF OUR DEMOCRATIC SYSTEM -- THE PEOPLE'S RIGHT TO KNOW THE FACTS, AND THEREUPON TO ACT UPON THEM."

SYMINGTON, WHO SAYS HE'S NOT AN ACTIVE CANDIDATE BUT WOULDN'T REFUSE HIS PARTY'S PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION, FOLLOWED SEN. HUBERT HUMPHREY (D-MINN) ON A POLITICAL TOUR OF THE NORTHWEST. SEN. JOHN KENNEDY (D-MASS) IS DUE IN JUNE.

TURNING SPECIFICALLY TO THE NATION'S DEFENSE, THE FORMER AIR FORCE SECRETARY SAID THE ADMINISTRATION LED THE PEOPLE TO BELIEVE THE UNITED STATES WAS AHEAD OF RUSSIA IN BOTH DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION OF INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES.

"BUT LAST JANUARY THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FINALLY ADMITTED THE RUSSIANS WILL SOON HAVE A 3-TO-1 LEAD OVER US IN THIS FIELD," SYMINGTON CONTINUED.

THE ADMINISTRATION SAYS THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND COMPRISES MORE THAN 90 PER CENT OF THE COUNTRY'S RETALIATORY CAPACITY, THE FORMER CABINET OFFICER SAID, YET ADMITS THAT THREE-FOURTHS OF THE PRESENT SAC FORCE IS ABSOLESSENT.

THE COUNTRY IS FALLING BEHIND IN THE ECONOMIC RACE AS WELL, SYMINGTON SAID, ADDING THAT WHILE THE RUSSIANS ARE BEHIND IN SOME AREAS, THEY ARE GAINING FAST.

"BUT DOES THIS ADMINISTRATION WARN THE AMERICAN PEOPLE OF THIS RUSSIAN PROGRESS, OR TAKE THE STEPS TO MEET IT?" HE ASKED. "IT DOES NOT."

THE SENATOR SAID THAT UNDER THE DEMOCRATS, THE NATION'S ECONOMY GREW AT THE RATE OF 5 PER CENT A YEAR BUT THIS SLOWED TO JUST OVER 1 PER CENT UNDER THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION.

SYMINGTON SAID THE REPUBLICANS CONSIDER THEMSELVES "THE PARTY OF PRIVILEGE."

"A PARTY OF PRIVILEGE IS BOUND TO TRADITION," HE SAID. "IT LOOKS BACKWARD. IT IS OPPOSED TO GROWTH AND INVESTMENT. IT PERPETUATES WASTE. IT APPROACHES THE MOST PRESSING PROBLEMS OF THE COUNTRY WITH TIMIDITY, WASHINGTON THEM GENTLY WITH SOLUTIONS WHICH ARE 10 YEARS OLD."

MD955APS NM

B19WX (Q)

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST TODAY

(260) HUMPHREY

(ADVANCE) MANCHESTER, N. H., MAY 2 (AP)-SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY (D-MINN) SOUGHT SUPPORT TONIGHT FOR A PROPOSAL TO PUT 1 1/2 BILLION DOLLARS OF U. S. LOANS INTO ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ABROAD IN EACH OF THE NEXT FIVE YEARS.

IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR THE NEW HAMPSHIRE COUNCIL OF WORLD AFFAIRS, HUMPHREY SAID THAT "PIECEMEAL, OFF-AGAIN, ON-AGAIN IMPROVISATIONS ARE NOT SUFFICIENT" TO MEET THE SOVIET CHALLENGE.

HE SAID THIS COUNTRY MUST BUILD UP ITS ECONOMY TO SUPPORT A PROGRAM FOR USING 7 1/2 BILLIONS FOR DEVELOPMENT LOANS AND OTHER FOREIGN ASSISTANCE OVER THE NEXT FIVE YEARS.

HUMPHREY AND SENS. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK) AND JOHN F. KENNEDY (D-MASS) HAVE ADVOCATED SUCH SPENDING ABROAD.

HUMPHREY SAID THE UNITED STATES MUST FACE WHAT HE TERMED THESE FACTS OF LIFE:

"1. THE SOVIET ECONOMY IS GROWING THREE TIMES AS FAST AS OUR OWN-- AND IS A POWERFUL 'RAGS-TO-RICHES' INSPIRATION TO THE PEOPLES OF ASIA AND AFRICA.

"2. ONLY AN EXPANDING, FULLY PRODUCTIVE U. S. DOMESTIC ECONOMY CAN SUPPORT A SUFFICIENT AMERICAN FOREIGN ECONOMIC POLICY.

"3. OUR TRADE WITH OTHER COUNTRIES IS NOT JUST A MATTER OF PROFIT MAKING, BUT OF FUNDAMENTAL NATIONAL POWER AND POLICY.

"4. THE AGRICULTURE ABUNDANCE OF THE UNITED STATES IS NOT A DEFICIT, BUT AN ENORMOUS CONCENTRATION OF USABLE WEALTH."

"5. STOP-AND-GO CAPITALIZATION OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE HAVE-NOT AREAS OF THE WORLD MUST BE REPLACED BY LONG-TERM FIRM COMMITMENTS BY THE UNITED STATES--THE LARGEST SOURCE OF CAPITAL IN THE WORLD.

"6. A GENUINELY SUCCESSFUL AID PROGRAM MUST BE BASED ON THE REAL NEEDS OF OTHER PEOPLE, NOT ONLY AS A STOP-GAP DEFENSE AGAINST COMMUNISM."

ER157PED

B59BA Q

MP (210)

BALTIMORE, MAY 2 (AP)-SEN. HUBERT M. HUMPHREY (D-MINN) SAYS AN ADMINISTRATION THAT CANNOT FIND A GOOD USE FOR THE NATION'S FOOD SURPLUSES HAS "STERILITY OF IMAGINATION AND LACK OF LEADERSHIP."

HUMPHREY SAID LAST NIGHT THE U.S. FOOD SURPLUS IS THE MOST IMPORTANT DOMESTIC PROBLEM FACING THE COUNTRY. HE TERMED IT A "PARADOX OF PARADOXES" AND AN "IRONY OF IRONIES."

THE SENATOR SAID PRESIDENT EISENHOWER MADE "ANOTHER GOOD HEADLINE AND A GOOD TELEVISION APPEARANCE" IN AUGUST, 1958, BY DECLARING AMERICA'S EMPHASIS IN THE MIDDLE EAST SHOULD BE ON HELPING THE PEOPLE OF THAT AREA TO HELP THEMSELVES.

"BUT THERE IS NO PERFORMANCE," HE SAID, "WHATEVER HAPPENED TO IT?"

HUMPHREY SAID THE PHILOSOPHY THAT THE STRONG SHOULD HELP THE WEAK AND THE RICH SHOULD HELP THE POOR IS INDIGENOUS TO THE UNITED STATES.

"WHAT IS NEEDED IN FOREIGN POLICY MORE THAN ANYTHING ELSE," HE SAID, IS THAT IT "BE NATURAL AND BE AMERICAN."

HE SAID THE RELATIONSHIP OF EAST AND WEST IN TODAY'S WORKD IS A STAND-OFF AND STALEMATE, AND "EVERYTHING WE DO SHOULD BE CONDITIONED BY THAT FACT."

THE UNITED STATES CAN AND MUST AFFORD MORE ECONOMIC AID TO THE "RISING" NATIONS, SAID THE MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, TO BE FINANCED EITHER BY MORE TAXES OR DEFICIT SPENDING.

"THE DAY INDIA WITH ITS 375 TO 400 MILLION PEOPLE . . . SLIPS FROM THE DEMOCRATIC PATTERN, THE UNITED STATES WILL HAVE BECOME A SECOND-RATE POWER."

HUMPHREY SAID HE DID NOT WANT IT WRITTEN ON HIS TOMBSTONE THAT HE "SAVED YOU A NICKEL" BUT "LOST THE WORLD."

HE EXPRESSED HIS VIEWS IN A LECTURE AT JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY.

DM1032AED NM

B27CX Q (RANDALL)

(160)

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 5:30 A.M. (EST) TODAY)

(WITH COP)

(ADVANCE) HIGHLAND PARK, ILL., MAY 2 (AP)-PRESIDENTIAL ASSISTANT CLARENCE B. RANDALL SAID TODAY A DECREASE IN WORLD TENSIONS ACTUALLY WOULD INCREASE THE NATION'S NEED FOR SOUND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.

"IF WORLD TENSION COULD BE SO RELIEVED THAT SUBSTANTIAL PROGRESS TOWARD DISARMAMENT COULD BE TAKEN, THE URGENCY OF SOUND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS WOULD INCREASE RATHER THAN DIMINISH," RANDALL SAID.

"THE SOVIETS WOULD THEN REDOUBLE THEIR EFFORTS AT UNDERMINING OUR ECONOMY THROUGH THE PENETRATION OF UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS, AND THE NECESSITY OF COUNTER MEASURES BY THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE INTENSIFIED."

RANDALL, WHO IS SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL ON FOREIGN ECONOMIC POLICY, ADDRESSED THE REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE ON PROGRAM AND PROGRESS.

K508ACD

A153

NIGHT LEAD MISFITS (250)

NEW YORK, MAY 2 (AP)—NEARLY ONE OF EVERY 10 YOUNG MEN IN THE UNITED STATES WAS REJECTED FOR MILITARY SERVICE DURING WORLD WAR II FOR MENTAL OR EMOTIONAL REASONS, IT WAS REPORTED TODAY.

A MASSIVE STUDY, WHICH TOOK COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY RESEARCHERS EIGHT YEARS TO COMPLETE, SHOWS THAT 2,500,000 OF SOME 18 MILLION MEN SCREENED BY THE ARMED FORCES WERE EITHER PASSED UP OR DISCHARGED PREMATURELY FOR INEFFECTIVENESS.

A BREAKDOWN OF THE 2,500,000 INCLUDES 700,000 REJECTED BECAUSE OF EDUCATIONAL DEFICIENCY, 970,000 BECAUSE OF EMOTIONAL DIFFICULTIES AND 80,000 BECAUSE OF BEHAVIOR AND MORAL PROBLEMS.

THAT ADDS UP TO 1,750,000 MEN REJECTED OUT OF A TOTAL OF ABOUT 18 MILLION--OR NEARLY ONE OUT OF 10.

MANY OF THE 750,000 MEN WHO ENTERED THE SERVICE BUT BROKE DOWN DURING THEIR MILITARY CAREERS WERE VICTIMS OF EITHER POOR LEADERSHIP AND POLICIES OR ARMY LIFE IN GENERAL, ACCORDING TO THE 900-PAGE REPORT.

OTHERS WERE RENDERED INEFFECTIVE BY LACK OF EDUCATION, THE STUDY DISCLOSES. "THOSE WITH ONLY A FEW YEARS OF GRADE SCHOOL HAD AN INEFFECTUAL RATE IN THE ARMY FOUR TIMES GREATER THAN THE HIGH SCHOOL AND COLLEGE MAN," IT SAYS.

ANOTHER FINDING IS THAT "IN EVERY REGARD THE FARM POPULATION SHOWED UP MORE POORLY THAN THE CITY POPULATION--THEY HAD HIGHER RATES OF REJECTION, HIGHER BREAKDOWNS IN THE ARMY, AND LOWER RECOVERY RATES AFTER THE WAR."

THE THREE-VOLUME STUDY WAS STARTED IN 1950 BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WHEN HE WAS PRESIDENT OF COLUMBIA.

2937PED

30.24- 6959

End May 2, 1959